

The Democratic Pioneer.

TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME IX.]

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1858.

[NUMBER 13.

DEMOCRATIC PIONEER.

B. GODWIN, Editor.
B. GODWIN & CO., PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

TERMS.—Single copy, one year, \$1.50
five copies, one year, \$11.00
ten copies, one year, \$20.00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A square of 16 lines or less, first insertion
every subsequent one 25 cents. Annual
general made on favorable terms.

OFFICES corner of Main and Road Streets.

GODWIN, M. V. GILBERT JNO. L. PALMER.

BERRY'S CITY HOTEL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

EDWIN BERRY, PROPRIETOR.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RE-

PECTIFLY inform his friends and

the public generally, that

he leased for a term of years the

formerly kept by George A.

Ans., and is now prepared to ac-

cute all who may favor him with their

spite will always be furnished with the

best edibles afforded by our market, and

servants will be found polite and attentive.

Travelling public are requested to give

a call. Every possible exertion will be

given to entire satisfaction to those who

stop at the "CITY HOTEL."

April 28, 1857—y

LEIGH HOUSE;

LIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, HAVING LEAS-

ED FOR A TERM OF YEARS THIS SPACIOUS AND

COMFORTABLE HOTEL, WOULD ANNOUNCE THEIR

WILLINGNESS TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC,

WHICH IS KNOWN TO BE ONE OF THE LARGEST

IN THE STATE.—ITS ROOMS WELL FURNISHED

AND COMFORTABLE, AND TO THE PLACEMEN TS OF

SPECIAL ATTENTION WILL BE PAID. ADD TO

A TABLE WELL SUPPLIED WITH ALL THE MAR-

SHEDS.—ATTENDING SERVANTS; AND LANDLORDS

WILL DO ALL IN THEIR POWER TO PLEASE AND

COMFORTABLE THEIR GUESTS; AND LANDLORDS

WILL ATTENTIVELY ADMINISTER TO

THEIR NEEDS. HINTON & LEE, Proprietors.

HINTON, } ja 19—14.

A CARD.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

GATESVILLE, N. C.

ACCOMMODATE FROM 3 TO 400 PERSONS IN

BEST STYLE; ALSO I HAVE ONE OF THE LARGEST

IN THE STATE AND MILES LONG ATTACHED, FOR

ACCOMMODATION OF THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

SEE ME.

3, 1858. T. G. VAUGHAN.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

MURKINBOROUGH, N. C.

ILL practice in the County Courts of

Herford, Bertie, Northampton, and

Counties. Particular attention paid to

and all business entrusted to my

care and see me.

JOSEPH E. CARTER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

MURKINBOROUGH, N. C.

ILL practice in the County Courts of

Herford, Bertie, Northampton, and

Counties. Particular attention paid to

and all business entrusted to my

care and see me.

The best references can be given.

Sub. 1857—1.

J. B. GODWIN,

DENTAL SURGEON.

CONTINUES THE PRACTICE OF HIS PRO-

FESSION AT HIS ROOMS, OVER THE STORE OF C.

ON, Esq.

APRIL 28, 1857.

BUSINESS CARDS.

MONS. J. D. SIMMONS & BRO.

GENERAL COMMISSION & FOR-

WARDING MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, VA.

J. H. WHITEHURST'S

LECTRIC DAGUERREOTYPES.

GALLERIES

77 Main Street, Baltimore, Md.

7 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

10 Main Street, Petersburg, Va.

10 Main Street, Lynchburg, Va.

10 Main Street, Roanoke, Va.

10 Main Street, Danville, Va.

10 Main Street, Staunton, Va.

10 Main Street, Martinsburg, W. Va.

10 Main Street, Hagerstown, Md.

10 Main Street, Frederick, Md.

10 Main Street, Williamsport, Md.

10 Main Street, Hagerstown, Md.</

Democratic Pioneer.



J. B. GODWIN, ::::: Editor.
ELIZABETH CITY:

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1858.

We had the pleasure of seeing our worthy and distinguished representative, Hon. H. M. Shaw, in town last week. He was in fine health and spirits.

THE GUBERNATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Democratic Central Committee have decided upon Petersburg as the place to hold the Convention, on the 1st of December, for nominating a candidate for the Governorship of Virginia.

We return our thanks to Messrs. Chas. T. White & Co., 63 and 65 Beekman Street, New York City, for the "Abridged Specimen Book of the New York Type Foundry, 1859." Messrs. White & Co. are proprietors of this Foundry, and publishers of newspapers would do well to send their orders to them.

KEROSENE LAMPS.

"A penny saved is a penny made," is an old maxim, and persons who have lamps for burning etherial oil and desire to use Kerosene will find it true by leaving them in the hands of G. W. Bell, for a short time. Our thanks are due him for saving us the price of a lamp by attaching the Kerosene burner to one intended for the consumption of the etherial oil, and which had become nearly useless. It is now as good as new—and furnishes us with a handsome and brilliant light.

Carry your lamps in and get the Kerosene burner if you wish an economical and beautiful light.

NEW GOODS IN A NEW STORE.

Our friend T. D. Knox is again at his old stand, but in entire new fixings. He has completed his handsome brick store—which, by the way, is an ornament to the town—and filled it with a choice stock of goods suited to the market. As will be seen by his advertisement he has extended his business, and in addition to his usual supply of boots, shoes, hats, caps, &c., he has now on hand dry goods, groceries, and hardware. Read his bill, and give him a call.

RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

This old and influential paper comes to us much enlarged and in an entire new dress, and is now among the handsomest journals in Virginia. It contains a statement of its operations, from which we learn that there is connected with the Enquirer establishment a book bindery, public printing, and lithographic departments, which together with Enquirer Office, and counting room, gives employment to *eighty six* workmen. It says—

The number of gas-lights in our establishment is **ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY**, all of which will be in full blaze during the winter months. The effect of these reflected through the series of windows in our establishment, must needs be imposing. We may well say that they will impart considerable vitality to that part of the city.—The whole establishment is likewise heated by steam from the boiler conveyed in pipes, through the various departments.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

There has been some expressions of opinion in various portions of the State touching the selections of Speakers for the two Houses of the next Legislature. We had designed holding our peace upon this question, and felt willing to leave the matter to the care of those more directly interested. Our friends in other quarters, however, have designated certain gentlemen as especially qualified for these important posts, and as we always like to have a finger in every pie that is to be served out, our conclusion is now to give expression to our preference also, and to bring forward the name of a gentleman eminently worthy of the honor of being selected to preside over the deliberations of the House of Commons. We allude to J. C. Badham, Esq., of Edenton.

The choice could not fall upon one more worthy or better qualified to discharge the delicate duties attendant upon the position, and his election would be but a just tribute to the valuable services which he has rendered to his party, and a deserved compliment to the indomitable Democracy which he represents. Mr. Badham is not a stranger in the Legislature, and we presume his name is familiar to many in every section of the State. He has won for himself an enviable reputation, and ranked among the most efficient and useful members of the body to which he was elected. His elevation to the Speaker's chair would be received with infinite satisfaction by the Democracy of the 1st District.

A PRINTER'S TOKEN.—We learn from the Charleston Courier, that the printers engaged at the office of Walker, Evans & Co., have prepared a Silver Goblet to be presented by their foreman to Capt. Westerlund, of the schooner Charles T. Smyth, and his "better half," as a slight token of grateful appreciation for the soothing attentions and nursing care which was bestowed on the late W. W. Smith during his last illness by Capt. Westerlund and family. The Goblet bears the inscription: "I was sick and ye visited me." The deceased lived for many years in Raleigh, N. C., where he was well known and universally esteemed.

ELECTION OF JUDGES.

Some of our contemporaries are discussing the question of electing Circuit Judges directly by the people, and the Wilmington Journal contains an article in which are presented several points, both *pro* and *con*. The tone of the article induces us to believe that the Journal views the project favorably, and, as its opinions are always entitled to respect, we propose to notice briefly the reasons shadowed forth in its support.

We are opposed to any change in the system of electing the judiciary; believing that the present mode is better calculated to promote the administration of justice, less liable to abuse and more free from objections than any plan that can possibly be devised. We are not the advocate of too many elections, and while agreeing with the Journal that the people is the source of all power, the fountain from which all authority flows, we yet think that, in certain cases, it can be better exercised when delegated than by purely democratic administration. So thought those who have preceded us, and the wisdom of their judgment has been fully sustained by the experiments which have been made in other States.

Among the powers which, we think, can be safely and beneficially delegated, is the election of judges. There is no position in our government involving a greater amount of responsibility, and there is none that should be kept free from improper and corrupting influences than that of the judiciary. Whilst a blameless character and unswerving integrity should always be the indispensable pre-requisite to all official appointment, especially those which are desirable in him who assumes the judicial robe. A corrupt judge is a dangerous personage, and the temptations to do wrong are not wanting to him who is ready to yield to them.

As the Journal properly remarks, "the independence of the judiciary must be secured," we respectfully ask, Is it not more liable to fail of this great end, when so much is to be gained, by pandering to the prejudices of the populace? The question is answered by the conduct of too many of those who hold place at the hands of the people. They are "independent" only so far as it climes with the caprice or will of their constituents, and they are particularly observant of the old nautical maxim, "keep an eye to windward." Aspirants for judicial station are not a different race, or "better blood," than those who aim at other positions; are they likely to be purer, more conscientious, or more incorruptible? The inducements to depart from the strict line of duty are immeasurably great to the Bench, because of the positive contact with the entire population of the State, and the direct influences which can be brought to bear; and, in proof of this, we quote the language of the Journal, in reference to New York. It says:

"The Courts have no dignity—the law has no power, and the public no protection—where, in fact, existing grievances are intolerable that the people demand a Convention for the purpose of getting rid of the whole patent improved system under whose blessings they are groaning."

This is a true picture; the statement is a correct one; and this intolerable state of affairs is alone traceable to that pernicious influence arising from a dependence of the Bench upon the people for its position. A "plain demagogue" can more easily impose upon the masses than upon a small body of intelligent representatives, and this truth is also established by a comparison between the Judiciary of those States where it is elective by the direct votes of the people and our own. Here the power is in the hands of the Legislature, and how it has been used, and what are the workings of the system, let our able, independent, dignified, and incorruptible Judiciary tell.—There can be no argument in defense of allowing the present mode to remain undisturbed, stronger than that produced by the Journal in reference to the Courts of New York. And we say that to this end there is a constant and unerring tendency wherever a promotion to the Bench is made to depend upon popular suffrage. Political demagogues and sycophantic tricksters will crawl over the backs of the people to the places now filled by men whom the love of power could not seduce.

We believe that the masses are honest, but we know that they are too frequently made the dupes of the designing knave. They mean to do right, but they sometimes do wrong, and a wrong step in this direction may beget consequences not easily remedied.

Our Know-Nothing friends are revelling in the anticipation of a jolly time this winter. They calculate confidently upon a Kilkenny cat fight among the Democracy over the Senatorial election, and their faces, which but a short time back were elongated to the length of a hand saw, and nearly as sharp, are now drawn up like the merry phiz of a Dutch alderman over his cups. Caffe at a husking frolic—we mean nothing offensive by the comparison—never presented an appearance of more intense and concentrated happiness, than do these amiable gentlemen at the prospect of a little trouble in the Democratic family. Well, well, we are not so selfish as to wish to deny them this morsel of gratification, and when we remember that the only enjoyment which fate permits them to have is in anticipating some event never to happen, we are rather disposed to encourage them than to put a damper on their hopes. Laugh on, then, gentlemen, at the expected break-up in our ranks; perhaps it may be to your wishes; but don't forget on thing, that we can lick you out of your boots at any and all times, no matter what little affairs of our own we may have to settle.

MORE CAMELS.—We learn that the ship Thomas Wilson and bark Luciferine, the former having eighty camels on board and the latter forty, have arrived off the Southwest Pass, and have been ordered to Galveston.

The camels, we are informed, are imported by the Federal Government, and are no doubt intended to join those already doing so well at Camp Verde, above San Antonio, Texas.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

To the Editor of the Pioneer:

Dear Sir:—I hold that when a public servant discharges his duties in such manner as to merit approbation, it should not be withheld. I therefore ask that I may, through your columns, express my appreciation, and I believe of all my country, (Perquinians,) who came in contact with him, as suitors, witnesses, jurors, &c., of Judge Shepherd, as such.

He caused by his course more business to be transacted during the term of our Superior Court than I have ever known before in any three terms, commencing Monday at 11 o'clock, and thereafter each day at 10, (and frequently carrying the sitting into night) until Saturday evening, when no more business could be paraded by the bar. He is learned, eloquent, patient, calm, laborious, urbane, prompt, decisive, and ready; just, without being cruel, and all in all a model Judge.

I do not mean to say in point of legal ability that he is superior or equal to some of his senior brethren, for such would perhaps be presumption in a member of the bar, much worse in an outsider; but this I do say, that as a jurist he is an ornament to the bench, and that there was so much of common sense and justice in his opinions that it would strike one if it was not law it ought to be.

By his general demeanor the impress of his integrity was such that I predict, if he continue on the bench until he shall have made a circuit of the State, no man will have the confidence of the people in a more eminent degree, and certainly none more deservedly.

Cape Fear has given us two of the very best judges (in my humble opinion) that have graced the bench of North Carolina in my day.

Yours, &c., Y.

The Indiana Sentinel has received official returns of the election from seventy counties in the State, which show that the Democratic State ticket will receive majorities varying from 3,000 to 5,000.

From the *Indianapolis Sentinel*, Oct. 19.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

We figure up, this morning, 2,384 majority for the Democratic State ticket, and the full official returns will increase it.—This vote to evidence that the majority of the people of Indiana sympathize with Democratic principles. The election of the State ticket is a great triumph. Four Democratic Judges of the Supreme Bench secured for six years, and the administration of the State government is confided to Democratic officers for the next two.

THE LEGISLATURE.—We publish this morning a complete list of the members of the next Legislature. We classify them as follows:

Senate.	
Democrats holding over	10
Regular, elected.	12
Independent, elected.	8
Total.	—
Republicans holding over	25
Regular, elected	13
Opposition, Independent,	11
Total.	—
House.	25
Democrats, regular, elected	45
Independent, elected.	5
Total.	50
Republicans, regular, elected	44
Independent, Whigs and Americans.	6
Total.	50

There are twenty-five Democratic Senators and fifty Democratic Representatives, who in 1856 stood upon the Cincinnati Platform, and who upon all party issues stand there now. The political character of the Legislature will depend mainly upon the six Americans and Whigs who are national in their sentiments, and who have no sympathy with abolitionism. In the Senate the Lieutenant Governor has the casting vote.

INDIANA ELECTION.

The result of the Congressional election in Indiana is the choice of three Democrats, one Anti-Lecompton Democrat, and seven Republicans. We give the names of the members thus elected to the next Congress:

Dis. Present Congress. Next Congress.

1. Wm J Niblack, D Wm J Niblack, D

2. Wm H English, D Wm H English, D

3. James Hughes, R Wm M Dunn, R

4. James B Foley, D Wm S Holman, D

5. David Kilgore, R David Kilgore, R

6. J M Gregg, D Albert G Porter, D

7. John J Davis, A L John J Davis, A L

8. James Wilson, R James Wilson, R

9. Schuyler Colfax, R Schuyler Colfax, R

10. Charles Case, R Charles Case, R

11. John U Pettit, R John U Pettit, R

In the State Legislature the Opposition will have majorities in both branches. In the Senate the "Lecomptonites" will have but twenty-two members out of fifty, and in the House of Representatives there is a clear majority against them.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

Harrisburg Union (a Democratic paper) publishes the official returns of the votes cast for the State ticket at the late election in all the counties but nine. They sum up as follows:

Read 184,250 Frazer 183,157

Porter 158,883 Frost 157,348

Read's maj. 25,883 Frazer's maj. 25,348

The counties yet to be heard from are Clinton, Forest, Green, Luzerne, McLean, Potter, Snyder, Venango and Warren.—They will add a thousand votes, or more, to the above majorities. In 1857 the vote of the State was

Frazer 188,887

Porter 146,136

For Hazelhurst 28,182

— 363,155

Vote in 1858 as far as received 343,133

THE BLACK REPUBLICAN NOTION OF NEGRO EQUALITY.

That dogma in the Black Republican platform which affirms the equality of the negro race has lately received a signal illustration in the State of Michigan.

The case was this:—Mr. Wm. H. DAY, a gentleman of color, applied to a steamboat office in Detroit for a ticket as cabin passenger.—The agent rejected the application, but at the same time offered Mr. DAY—who is so called, we presume, on the *lucus a non principio*—the accommodations provided for persons of his complexion.

Mr. DAY spurned the idea with indignation. Had not the dominant party in Michigan taught him to regard himself as the equal of his white brethren? Had they not denounced and repudiated the Dred Scott decision, with its philosophy of negro subordination and Caucasian supremacy? Had they not, in theory at least, embraced the black-man as an associate?

Mr. DAY took the appeal to the Circuit Court on a point of law, and, wonderful to say, the point of law was determined in favor of the injured Ethiopian. Whereupon, Mr. DAY took an appeal to the Supreme Court of the State, and the Supreme Court of the State unanimously decided that a person of Mr. DAY's peculiar color has no right to travel in company with white-men.

It is a surprising result, but the reader will be still more astonished when he is informed that the Court consisted exclusively of Black Republicans!

In the case of Dred Scott the Supreme Court of the United States merely decided that the negro is not a citizen, in contemplation of the Constitution, and that, consequently, he is excluded from the political rights of citizenship. We all remember with what an outburst of indignation this proposition was rejected by the Black Republican party. We remember, too, with what a vehement advocacy they asserted the perfect equality of the African race, in the face even of an adverse decision of the highest judicial tribunal of the country. The election is over, the Black Republicans have now no special need to patronize the negro; and being requested to apply their own doctrine in redress of a practical grievance, they quietly inform Coffey that he belongs to a lower order of the animal creation, and must not presume to sit in the cabin of a steamboat with his white superiors. This judgment goes beyond the principle of the Dred Scott decision. It affirms the moral inferiority of the black man, and denies him an equality of social privileges. It stigmatizes him as the pariah of the community, and interposes an inexorable resistance to his association with the dominant class of white citizens. It is of a piece with the uniform conduct of the Abolitionists.

These people fondly flatter the negro with abstractions of equality and fraternity; but in practice they never fail to treat him with contumely and aversion.—They will allow him to vote as a mere weight in the scale against the South, but they repel him from their bed and board with unutterable disdain. They are destitute of principle, incapable of an honest conviction, indifferent to the decencies of consistency; in short, are worthy of the contempt with which they are regarded by the country.—Rich. South.

THE RECENT ELECTIONS.

The Norfolk Herald, (Whig,) does not seem to be jubilant over the result in Pennsylvania, as the opposition papers are generally North and South. Its editor has been connected with the press for nearly half a century, which has given him a familiarity with Congressional elections and their results, which prevents his seeing, like some others, the total overthrow of the Democratic party in the defeat of the Administration in one or two States. The Herald says: These States were expected to go strongly against the Administration, on account of the President's course on the Lecompton Constitution. The question is, whether that issue may not die out before the next two years come round, and democracy as it has heretofore done, become again in the ascendant, just in time to reap the "spoils." In former years, the Whigs could sweep these States at the end of the first two years of the Presidential term, when there was nothing to be gained, but it generally happened that when it came to the "second heat"—the division of the spoils—the Democrats were sure to be ahead. If there is to be any organized and formidable opposition to the Democratic party in 1860, this had better be borne in mind.—*Fredericksburg Dem. Recorder.*

PETERSON'S COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR AND BANK NOTE LIST is corrected by Drexel & Co., the well known Bankers and Brokers, and is the best Detector of Counterfeits or Altered Notes, published

NEW YORK MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
SAWYER & WHEEDEE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
100 Wall Street.
NEW YORK, Oct. 27, 1858.

WHITE CORN—78 to 80 per bushel.
" " 83 to 88 " "
" " 79 to 83 " "
" " 115 to 132 " "
" 108 to 118 " "
WORL-Mess \$17.25.
13.75 a 14.
VAL STORES.—Spirits Turpentine, 50¢ per gallon. No. 1 Rosin, \$4.50 to \$500 per Bbl. Common do \$1.60 and \$1.65 per Bbl. Tar \$2.25 per Bbl.
TONTON-N. C. 13 to 124 per lb.
Texas, 124 1/4
Middling Fair, 132
Middling Fair, 132
WHITE BEANS—\$140 to \$150 bus.
Lima B. E. Peas—\$1.75 per bag of 2 bushels.
ES WAX—32 to 33c per lb.
GINNIA OATS—35 to 38c per bushel.
Per 100 lbs. 50 to 60c.
Per 100 lbs. \$3 a 32.
ISKEW—23 a 24 per gal.
AL—per bbl 3 66 3 95.
XSKED—per bushel.
ANGLES, 20 in bunch, cypress, \$8 83 2ft. " 1200 1500
" 30in. " 1800 2200
Very Respectfully,
SAWYER & WHEEDEE,
100 Wall St.

We return our thanks to L. Johnson & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., for a copy of the Printer's General Hand Book of Commercial Information," &c., received some time ago. Messrs. L. Johnson & Co., the firm above named, are also pleased to furnish any article wanted by readers.

FOR SALE.
ABOUT THIRTY THOUSAND PRIME
W. I. R. O. H. STAVES.
S. S. BARRELL.
N. C., } 13-5w. pd. \$2.18.

GOODS OF EVERY VARIETY,
THE NEW AND SPACIOUS
BRICK STORE,
Water, Head of Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

HE SUBSCRIBER HAVING COMPLETED his new brick store, recently erected on the site of his old, takes the liberty of informing his old customers and the public that he has now in store and for sale, a complete assortment of every article of hardware, &c., we are enabled to compare favorably with any house North or South.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

Oct. 28, 1858.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

IN NORFOLK, CO., VA.

On the Dismal Swamp Canal, about 7 miles from Deep Creek and 14 from Norfolk, contains from 1200 to 1500 acres, about 150 of which are now in a fair order, the rest in crop.

Also 5 or 600 acres of the tract would make a fine farm as any in Eastern Virginia.

lands of similar quality unimproved, produced from 14 to 15 barrels of corn per acre, and the wood and timber on the land pay every expense of clearing, when it is worth \$50 per acre.

also, great facilities for carrying goods to market, and sufficient quantity of timber to be sold at good prices, or on the Canal Bank along the river for several miles.

The facitiea would render the trucking profitable.

is a large Juniper swamp on the tract, for its rail and shingle timber.

Storage and range for Stock is im-

A School House within one mile of the place.

Persons desirous of purchasing are invited to see the place, and to Mr. John Tatem, Norfolk, who will take care to show the land.

Further information and terms, which will apply to

JOSEPH T. TATEM,

Oct. 2, 1858. 13-14

MRNING SILKS, MOURNING

SILKS.

AT THE "BEE HIVE."

TODAY this morning, Monday, Oct. 25th, magnificent assortment Mourning Silks,

will open 500 prs Blanks of all qualities

2 pr col at \$1 25

2 white at 1 25

" " at 1 75

" " at 2 50

magnificent lot of fine blankets at a moderate price

no 2

AND OPENING AT THE BEE HIVE.

In a magnificent

assortment of

the latest

assortment of Embroideries ever

seen in the market, sold at half price.

Goods of all kinds and qualities—

2 Sheds Grey, Kerseys, Satinets,

2 Ostriches Checks, Homespun in different qualities.

of the best makes below the regular

price.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Main

Norfolk, Va.

oc 26

NOTICE.

PROPERTY OF THE UNITED

STATES HOTEL, in Gatesville, N. C.

has recently come into my hands, as

by the death of the late Proprietor,

Alphonse J. I shall continue the busi-

ness this year, which I hope to share a

profitable partnership.

Persons wishing to purchase

will please apply to

S. W. WORRELL,

Gatesville, N. C.

1858-3m.

D OPENING AT THE BEE

HIVE.

beautiful

Cashmere,

do

EDUCATIONAL.

MERTFORD MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY,
MERTFORD, N. C.
D. BARCLIFF, Principal.
W. H. WEATHERLY, A. B., Assistant,
IN MALE DEPARTMENT;
D. BARCLIFF, Principal.
MISS VIRGINIA WOOD, and
MISS EMMA S. GORDON, Assistants,
IN FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

THE Scholastic Term of this Institution will open on the first Monday in October next, and will close the third week in July following. This term is divided into two sessions: the Fall session ending with the last week in February, and the Spring session beginning the ensuing Monday—thus allowing no intermission to intervene.

Both the Male and Female Departments have been entirely distinct, operating under the supervision of two different Principals. The present arrangements propose a more permanent and satisfactory organization, both departments being brought under the immediate charge of the same Principal. Miss Virginia Wood, a teacher of great attainments, and of great tact and ability in advancing pupils, Miss Emma S. Gordon, a diligent and competent Instructor, will teach the English branches and French. Terms of Tuition per Session, payable one-half in advance.

MALE DEPARTMENT.

Primary English,	\$ 15 50
Mathematics and Higher English Branches,	15 00
Ancient Languages,	20 00
Vocal Music,	4 00
Incidents,	1 00

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Primary English,	\$ 10 00
Mathematics and Higher English Branches,	13 00
Latin,	7 50
French,	7 50
Music on Piano, with use of instrument,	20 00
Drawing, &c.,	3 00
Vocal Music,	4 00
Incidents,	1 00

An instruction in Vocal Music will be given optional with the patrons, with the additional charge of \$4.00.

Pupils will be received at any time, and charged from the time of entrance.

No deduction made for absence, except in case of protracted sickness.

Good board can be obtained in the best families upon reasonable terms.

A report as to the scholarship, punctuality and deportment of each pupil will be sent to parents and guardians at the end of each month.

For particular particulars, address D. BARCLIFF, Principal.

August 17, 1858—2m.

CHESAPEAKE FEMALE COLLEGE,
HAMPTON, VA.

REV. C. A. RAYMOND, President
Assisted by a corps of competent Professors and several Female Assistants.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence the first Monday in October, and close in July following. Students will be received at any time. No deduction will be made for a late entrance, unless it be six weeks after the commencement of the session. After entering, there will be no deduction for absence, except in cases of protracted illness. All students from abroad will board at the College premises, except at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.

EXPERIENCES.

For a full session, persons are half at the commencement, the remainder at the expiration of the first half of the session. In the Academic and Collegiate Departments, and in the Special Course, including Ancient Languages and Lectures.

Optional Course—for which the charges are extra. Music (Instrumental), per session, \$50. Modern Languages, etc., per session, 20. Drawing and Elocution, — 20. Oil Painting, — 20. Contingent Fund, including use of Piano, school room expenses, etc., — 10.

Board, per session, including washing, fuel and lights, — 150.

Pupils purchase for each their own books, stationery, sheet music, &c., &c., and pay two dollars each term for keeping in tune the piano upon which they practice.

Vocal Music will be taught at the charge of Teacher, and all expenses.

It will also be our duty to see that the whole expense for a pupil in the Collegiate or Academic Department, without Music or Optional studies, but including board and all contingencies, is per year, \$212. If expenses in Music Department are added \$26.

Ministers of the Gospel are entitled to send their daughters free of tuition in the Collegiate and Academic Departments.

The location is unsurpassed by that of any other College in this country, and for healthiness, well suited to all, and with the mountain districts. Last session there were upwards of 100 ladies in attendance, who came so much for their health, as to pursue their studies; all of whom were in the enjoyment of that great blessing (health) at the close of the School, and will return as soon as it opens.

For further information address the President, or WM. R. VAUGHAN, M. D., Secretary.

September 21, 1858. — 2m.

NOLFOOK COY FARM FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale a Farm known as "PALMER'S COY" containing 200 acres, partly cleared, the balance heavily timbered with Oak and Pine. This Farm is situated on the Western Branch of the Elizabeth River, in Norfolk county, distant from Norfolk and Portsmouth 6 miles by water, and by land, is as healthy as any in Eastern Virginia, and unsurpassed by any land in this section for producing early Vegetables. It has on it a number of Fruit Trees and Asparagus Beds, and a never failing Spring of excellent Water, within a few yards of the house. The River front is extensive, and the property is well adapted for Oysters. The improvement consist of a new Dining-House, built of the best materials and in modern style, and containing 6 good rooms, with all necessary Harms, Stables, and other Out-houses, which are in good order.

A more minute description is deemed unnecessary, as any one desiring to purchase, would undoubtedly make a personal examination of the property.

It will be sold, as on accommodating terms. Apply to me at Chuckatuck, Nansemond county, Va., or W. H. M. Heslop, Portsmouth, Va.

JNO. H. HODGES.

September 21, 1858.—1m.

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

VICKERY & COMPANY.

Wizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, that their Book Bindery is in full operation, and they are prepared to manufacture.

BLANK BOOKS.

of every description of Binding and style of Binding; and to bind Magazines, Music, and printed Books of every kind in the best manner, and on reasonable terms as any establishment in the United States.

Merchants, Clerks and Bank Officers, will find it greatly to their advantage to have their Blank Books made at our establishment, as no man will be spared to give perfect satisfaction, and at a very moderate price.

VICKERY & COMPANY.

Bookbinders, Stationers, Book Binders, and Blank Book Manufacturers, No. 19 Main Street, head of Market Square, ja 26 Norfolk, Va.

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, that they are prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Mattresses and Sofas. They keep constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Sofas and Mattresses, done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

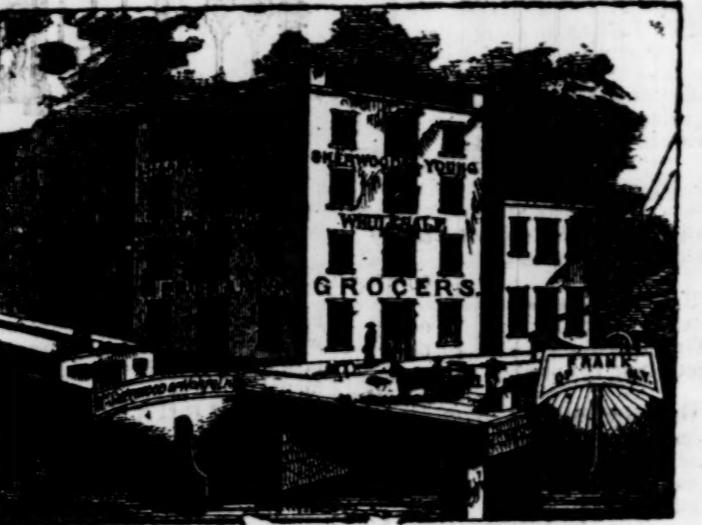
Shop at the Stables of Mr. Charles Brothers.

MARTIN BURK & BRO.

OLD CAST IRON—I WISH TO PURCHASE 50 TONS OF OLD GAST, for which I will pay the highest cash price.

mb 2 S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

J. M. MATHEWS, WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER, has taken the Store formerly occupied by Col. W. G. Cook, dec'd, and recently by F. M. Cook, in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he will be pleased to see (as customers) his friends and the public generally.

He will keep constantly supplied, Agent, with a good assortment of Clocks, Chronometers, Chimes, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Rings, and all kinds of Jewelry.

He will make to order any article in his line, viz: Engagement and Wedding Rings, of gold, Gold, Spoons, &c.

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY repaired with promptness, and in workmanlike order. All Clock and Watch work warranted for one year.

Accommodations repaired and tuned at the shortest notice.

The Cash will be required for all work or sales upon the delivery of the article.

N. B.—The highest cash price given for old Gold and Silver.

Sign of the Watch. E. City, Feb. 16, 1858.

PATENT LEVER AND PLATE WATCHES

REMOVED.

T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his old stand to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture any and every article of FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of METALLIC COFFINS,

WAXEY VET.

TAPESTRY, THREE PLY, INGRAIN AND COMMON CARPETS.

RUGGETS, RUGS, DOOR MATS, &c., FURNITURE AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

ALSO—

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilt, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire-Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.

W. M. WALTERS, Upholsterer and Paper Hanger.

dec 2 No. 26 Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms. W. A. W.

JOB WORK.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL ORDERS for any kind of

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING, that may be wanted in Pasquotank and the surrounding counties, on as

REASONABLE TERMS as it can be done at any similar establishment in this section of North Carolina.

HAND-BILLS, BILLS OF LADING, POSTERS, WAY-BILLS, BILL TICKETS, DONE WITH NEATNESS and DESPATCH.

Done in Elizabeth City, N. C.

P. S.—All orders from persons out of this county, must be accompanied by the cash, to cover the cost of paper, etc., for every quire of blanks ordered, if to be sent by mail.

March 23, 1858. J. B. G. & CO.

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,

LIVERY STABLES,

I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c., for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

Apply to me at Chuckatuck, Nansemond county, Va., or W. H. M. Heslop, Portsmouth, Va.

T. D. KNOX.

E. City, March 30th, 1858.

NOTICE.

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

EDENTON, N. C. DEALER IN

Paints, Oils, Glass Putty, Perfumery, Fancy articles, Smoking Bag, Cheving Tobacco.

Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

The orders of Physicians and Planters principally filled with pure Medicines and on as moderate terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dix on's line.

Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store, where he can always be found except when professionally engaged.

June 9, 1857—1m.

J. B. G. & CO.

NOTICE.

\$150 REWARD!

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER,

on Monday, the 29th day of March, my Negro boy BOB. He is about twenty-two or twenty-three years of age, bacon color, gizzarded, and slightly ruptured. He is about five feet six or seven inches high, has a large full face, bitten by a dog when he was a child. I will give him twenty and fifty dollars for BOB, delivered to me at Currituck Co., or for his confinement in any jail, so that I get him again. All persons are hereby warned against harboring or employing said negro, under the penalty of the law.

THOMAS L. SANDERSON.

Currituck Co., June 1, 1858. 43—tf.

LOW IRON—

5 inches wide, 7 do do

8 do do

9 do do

10 do do

11 do do

12 do do

With a large cut, cut in shape for making Jack Dagou Plow. Send your orders to S. MARCH.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE this day (Jan. 8) associated with me in the Upholstering and Paper Hanging business, THEODORE A. WALTERS and WILLIAM BOORN, Jr. The business will be conducted by the Junior partners, under the name of WM. A. WALTERS & CO.

A continuation of the patronage of my former customers, is most respectfully solicited for the new firm.

WM. A. WALTERS.

Wide Water street and Roanoke sq.

DRY GOODS.

AT THE BEE HIVE.